# Tick Borne Diseases

April 2024

### **Tick Facts**

- Obligate blood-feeders that require an animal host to survive and reproduce.
- ▶ 850 species of ticks exist world wide, about 80 species exist in the United States. Of these 80 species, only about 12 of them pose major public health concerns.
- ► Ticks are most active from April-September.
- Tick associated diseases in the United States include: Lyme disease, Anaplasmosis, (formerly known as human granulocytic ehrlichiosis), Babesiosis, Ehrlichiosis, Powassan virus, Borrelia miyamotoi, Borrelia mayonii, Rocky Mountain spotted fever, and Tularemia with the greatest attention given to Lyme disease, Babesiosis and Ehrlichiosis.
- For further information and specific signs and symptoms of these diseases please review CDC guidelines:
- https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/tickbornediseases/lyme.html
- https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/tickbornediseases/babesiosis.html
- https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/tickbornediseases/ehrlichiosis.html

#### Prevention

- Know where to expect ticks. They live in grassy, brushy and wooded areas. Essex County has many grassy marshlands, wetlands and state and federal parks.
- ► Clear tall grasses, brush and leaves around homes and lawns. Clear debris around the home that may attract rodents or provide hiding places for ticks.
- Wear protective clothing while in areas likely to be infested with ticks.
- Treat clothing and gear with tick repellants.
- Inspect your entire body, pets and gear after being outdoors.
- Use the following links for more information on preventing tick bites in people, on pets and in yards.
- https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/avoid/on\_people.html#:~:text=Know%20where%20to%20expect%20ticks.&text=Many%20people%20get%20ticks%20in,remain%20protective%20through%20several%20washings
- https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/avoid/on\_pets.html
- https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/avoid/in\_the\_yard.html

# Treating a Tick Bite

- Remove tick from skin using fine-tipped tweezers and thoroughly clean the area.
- See this link for step-by-step instructions of removing a tick. https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/removing\_a\_tick.html
- Consider the need for contacting your healthcare provider.
- Monitor yourself for symptoms of tick borne illness for 30 days.

# HAVE A SAFE AND HEALTHY SUMMER

### **RESOURCE LIST:**

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2022a). Tickborne Diseases of the United States: Lyme Disease. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/tickbornediseases/lyme.html
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2022b). Tickborne Diseases of the United States: Babesiosis. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/tickbornediseases/babesiosis.html
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2023). Tickborne Diseases of the United States: Ehrlichiosis. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/tickbornediseases/ehrlichiosis.html
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2020). Ticks: Preventing Tick Bites. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/avoid/on\_people.html#:~:text=Know%20where%20to%20expect%20ticks.&text=Many%20people%20get%20ticks%20in,remain%20protective%20through%20several%20washings
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2018). Ticks: Preventing ticks on your pets. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/avoid/on\_pets.html
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2019). Ticks: Preventing ticks in the yard. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/avoid/in\_the\_yard.html
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2022). Ticks: Tick removal. Retrieved from https://www.cdc.gov/ticks/removing a tick.html
- Massachusetts. Department. of Public Health. Division of Epidemiology and Immunization. (2009). Tick-borne diseases in Massachusetts; a physician's reference manual.
- Stafford, Kirby Chase, 1953- (2004). Tick management handbook: an integrated guide for homeowners, pest control operators, and public health officials for the prevention of tick-associated disease.