## Market Landing Park Expansion

Ad Hoc Committee Meeting 4 07 October, 2021

**City of Newburyport, Massachusetts** Mayor Donna D. Holaday Newburyport City Council Department of Planning and Development



### Agenda

### **PRESENTATION (30 min)**

- Introduction and Design Review (2 min)
- Park and City Response to Sea Level Rise (10 min)
- Service and Access Diagrams (10 min)
- Additional Topics of Feedback (5 min)

### **MODERATED DISCUSSION (45 min)**

### NEXT STEPS (10 min)

### Goals

- Understand how the park and city can prepare for Sea Level Rise (SLR) at Market Landing
- Review park circulation and access to address previous questions
- Confirm direction on additional points of feedback
- Discuss next steps for creating shovel-ready plans, including approval of the concept plan



## Park and City response to Sea Level Rise (SLR)

Tidal and storm scenarios on existing + future site Potential improvements adjacent to park Designing parks to withstand flooding

### **Today's High Tide (2021)** EXISTING PARK/PARKING CONDITION AT EAST



### **2070 Projected High Tide EXISTING PARK/PARKING CONDITION AT EAST**



### **Existing Site Sea Level Rise Tidal Zone Scenarios**



Current Mean High Water
1 ft Sea Level Rise (~2030)
2 ft Sea Level Rise (~2050)
3 ft Sea Level Rise (~2070)
4 ft Sea Level Rise (~2080)
5 ft Sea Level Rise (~2090)
6 ft Sea Level Rise (~2100)

Source: MasGIS NOAA Coastal Servces Center Seal Level Rise Data: 1-6 foot Sea Level Rise Inundation Extent

### **Today's Storm Flooding (2021)** EXISTING PARK/PARKING CONDITION AT EAST



### **2070 Projected Storm Flooding**

**EXISTING PARK/PARKING CONDITION AT EAST** 



### **Existing Site Sea Level Rise Storm Scenarios**





The figure uses the Massachusetts Coast Flood Risk Model (MC-FRM)4 results to depict the estimated depths and extent of the 1% annual chance flood event in the year 2070, assuming 4.2 feet of SLR.



#### MHW Sea Level Rise Intervals (Average Daily High Water Level)



Notes:

 MHHW (Mean High Water) indicates daily (2x/day) flooding within the tidal zone.
Drawing does not illustrate future additional protection along boardwalk/ bulkhead wall or along adjacent properties.

### +4.5' 2021 MHHW (2x daily)



#### Notes:

 MHHW (Mean High Water) indicates daily (2x/day) flooding within the tidal zone.
Drawing does not illustrate future additional protection along boardwalk/ bulkhead wall or along adjacent properties.

### +8.7 HAT 2050 (2x/year) MHHW 2070 (2x/day)

Notes:

 Highest astronomical tide (HAT) occurs approximately 2x per year. Mean High Higher Water (MHHW) indicates daily flooding within the tidal zone.
Drawing does not illustrate future additional protection along boardwalk/ bulkhead wall or along adjacent properties.

### +10.5' HAT 2070 (2x/year)



#### Notes:

 Highest astronomical tide (HAT) occurs approximately 2x per year.
Drawing does not illustrate future additional protection along boardwalk/ bulkhead wall or along adjacent properties.

#### +12.0' FEMA BFE 2021 (1% Chance each Year) (Base Flood Elevation) 100 year flood



#### Notes:

1. Drawing does not illustrate additional protection along boardwalk/ bulkhead wall or along adjacent properties.

### Potential Improvements beyond the Park

Boat

Ramp

Tidal and Storm flooding pathways from adjacent properties will need to be addressed. Future efforts to raise the bulkhead and boardwalk could help with direct innundation from the river. Minor changes to park grading could accommodate higher boardwalk.

Bridge

Additional infrastructure improvements to address non-tidal, overland flooding from Market Square.

#### Bulkhead Improvements CURRENTLY PROPOSED



## **Bulkhead Improvements**



#### Designing for Flood Resilience Case Study: Chicago Riverwalk

Annual event

+4.1 — Highest Recorded

> -2.0 Normal River Elevation



Record Flood - 2015 Cleaned and re-opened within 12 hours

Key Design Moves: Infrastructure held out of floodplain. Durable materials that can easily be cleaned.

#### **Designing for Flood Resilience** Case Study: Smale Riverfront Park, Cincinnati OH



Normal Water Pool

Record Flood - February 2018 Cleaned and re-opened within 1 week

Key Design Moves: Infrastructure held out of floodplain. Durable materials that can easily be cleaned. Protective barriers to prevent flotsame from damaging structures.



## Service, Commercial Fishing and ADA Access

### **Circulation and access diagrams**

### **Pedestrian Circulation**

ALL park pathways and gathering spaces are universally accessible

Steps

ADA Shared Use Path
Primary ADA Paths
Secondary Path
Accessible Plaza Area



### **Everyday Vehicular Circulation**

Everyday Vehicular Circulation



### **Fuel Delivery Circulation**

Goal is to accommodate larger trucks to back into Harbormaster service area. Smaller trucks could use same access route.

• Fuel Delivery Circulation



### **Fire Truck Circulation**

Goal is to provide access to waterfront and embayment for fighting fires in ships. Fire Chief has reviewed access.

Note: Occaisional service access to commercial boats wintering at the embayment could use these same routes

Fire Truck Circulation



## Shared Use Pathway

Doubles as fire access. Ten foot paved section rated for vehicular loading, two foot shoulders on either side, stabilized for vehicular loading.



- Paved -Shoulder

## Additional Detail Topics

Addressing additional comments raised during the refined concept feedback process

### **Public Comments Summary**



**Comments recieved about** the refined plan through the online comment portal.



Positive or neutral. The other 50% were expressing specific questions/critique about elements of the design

**Keywords Used** visionary fishing SUPPORT pervious THOUGHTFUL TREES parking excited solar **BIKES** pedestrians safe

### **Additional Topic Themes:**

#### **BIKE RACKS:**

Some comments requested additional bike racks. This can be accommodated within the plan and will be studied in the next design phase.

#### SUSTAINABILITY + OPERATIONS:

Some comments about including more sustainable features within the architecture, and considering intergrating "smart city", solar elements. Design team to continue exploration.

**SHARED USE PATH ALIGNMENT:** Some comments (4) questioned bringing the bike path to the head of the embayment but are balanced by many other comments expressing support for the alignment. It is assumed that the Ad-Hoc Committee's resolution about this being the best location has not changed.

**RESTROOM/VISITOR CENTER STYLE:** Some comments about the architectural style of the restroom building. Design team to continue exploration of materials, character and facade detailing.

### **Annual Maintenance Costs:**

#### **LOCAL PRECEDENT:**

WFT reports a range from \$30K/yr to \$85K/yr for existing operations at the park.

This project roughly doubles the existing acreage of parkland so it could be assumed the annual budget would double.

#### **NATIONAL PRECEDENTS:**

From other projects Sasaki understands cost/acre of park maintenance to be roughly \$9,800/acre for lawn \$7,622/acre for hardscape \$15,000/acre for ornamental planting beds

These figures pencil out to around \$30K/year for the new areas of Market Landing Park.

#### **RESTROOM FACILITY:**

As the scope and scale of this existing element will not change, it is assumed that there is no additional cost to the city related to maintenance of this building.

### Market Landing Park Design Process: Next Steps



# Thank You



