MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION

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Draw map s.... location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings or geographical features. Indicate north.

D STREET	Q ₄₇₀
MUNROE 2	STREET
411	

Recorded by Mary Jane Stirgwolt Organization Office of Community Development Date 7-23-80

ress 38 M	unroe Street
toric Name	Robert Merrill House
: Original	Residence
Present	Residence
nership: 🗔 l Pri	Private individual vate organization
Dub	lic
rub.	

Date c.	1845		
Source_	Currier,	"History	of Nbpt.
Style	Greek Rev	vival	
Architect_	Unknown		
Exterior w	all fabric_	Clapboard	ds
Outbuildin	igs	Shed	
		th dates) A	ddition
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at rear	(20th cent		
at rear Moved_	(20th cent	tury <u>)</u>	
MovedApprox. ac	(20th cent	tury)Date	
MovedApprox. ac	creage 9,800	Date_	tury

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE (describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within community)

This house is an excellent example of the type of single family residence built in Newburyport's North End during the middle of the 19th century. It is Greek Revival in style, although the elements indicating this are simple. The doorway is flanked by sidelights and is typically Greek Revival, post and lintel, with wide fascia in the entablature and simple Doric pilasters to each side. The Greek influence is also evident in the cornerboards and heavy cornice. The gable facing the street and cornice return, suggest a pediment, one of the hallmarks of the Greek Revival style. The door itself has a moulding set off by cornerblocks, another feature characteristic of the Greek Revival period. HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE (explain the role owners played in local or state history (cont.) and how the building relates to the development of the community)

A piece of property adjacent to Tyng Street was sold to Robert M. Merrill by Dudley Tyng in 1841. It is quite possible that the parcel of land conveyed was to be the site of a new home. Merrill owned this property with the house on it in 1851. It might safely be assumed that Merrill built this house between 1841 and 1851.

Merrill was a ship carpenter who probably worked in the shipyards along the Merrimack River. Many of the homes along the street extending from High to Merrimac Street were built by those in the shipbuilding business or allied trades.

In 1872, Mrs. Robert M. Merrill owned the house. Shortly thereafter, the house passed into the hands of Oliver B. Merrill. Oliver Merrill was a teacher and wrote several historical articles on Newburyport that were published in the Newburyport newspaper. Merrill was elected as a representative to the General Court from the Eighth Essex District in 1893 and 1894.

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

J. J. Currier, History of Newburyport, 1764-1905, vols. I and II,
 reprint, Newburyport 1977.
1851 Plan of Newburyport, Mass. H. McIntire
1872 Map of the City of Newburyport, Mass. D. G. Beers and Co.
1851, 1871 City Directories
Assessor's Records 1890-1980

INVENTORY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, Boston

Community Newb		nnt.	1	Form No: 470
Property	Contract of the last	Robert		rrill MunroeSt

Indicate each item on inventory form which is being continued below.

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE (cont.)

This type of house was built extensively in the North end between 1840 and 1870. These houses provided simple, yet substantial homes for laborers and craftsmen.