## Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System

## **Scanned Record Cover Page**

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Inventory No: NWB.106

Historic Name: Old South Church

**Common Name:** 

Address: 29 Federal St

City/Town: Newburyport

Village/Neighborhood:

**Local No:** 19-115

Year Constructed:

Architect(s): Sargent, Rufus
Architectural Style(s): Georgian
Use(s): Church

Significance: Architecture; Religion

Area(s): NWB.D: South End District

NWB.L: Newburyport Historic District

Designation(s): Nat'l Register District (8/2/1984); Preservation Restriction

(10/15/1986)

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Massachusetts Historical Commission
220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts 02125
www.sec.state.ma.us/mhc

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NWB, 106

Area Form no.

D+L 106

	D+L 106
MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 294 Washington Street, Boston, MA 0	
254 washington otrect, Boston, 120	es. E. Mountaine
	Town Newburyport
	Address 29 Federal Street
	Historic Name Old South Church
PHOTO (3x3" or 3x5", black & white)	Use: Original Church
Staple to left side of form Photo number k-32	Present Church 62°
of the first missionaries se were ordained here. Oddly e church he had grates to farm	Ownership: Private individual Private organization First
	Presbyterian Society
Parishioners breaking away to Dr. Dena later served as pre-	
was installed as pastor in 1	Original owner First Presbyterian
	Society
SKETCH MAP  Draw map showing property's	DESCRIPTION:
location in relation to near	
or geographical features.	dings Date 1756
Indicate north.	Source Hovey "The Old South"
incorporated in 1813.	Style Georgian with later alteration
congredation on a regular ba	Architect
"a complete of the propriet	Exterior wall fabric Clapboards
BECK STREET	ld South Charch stance war originally sold
	Outbuildings Vestry
MISTORICAL SIGNIF CARCE (explain th	e role owners ployed to local or state history
DIE STREET HAVE DIOG	Major alterations (with dates) interior
106 mg managan	Whithe opposite direction separating the 140
107	alterations (1829) extensive exterior
SCHOOL STREET	alterations (1856)
Tapen I am a can approxime consul-	MovedDate
The Old Seath Church or A veral occurrence of Signs . Podev th	Approx. acreage 15,000 sq. ft.
Recorded by Mary Jane Stirgwo	TIMES ATOMIN COMMUNITORS
Recorded by Mary Jane Stirgwo	occurs in densely built up
Organization Office of Communi	
Develop Date 10-12-80	type is that of eighteenth century
	single family dwellings.

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE (describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within community)

The Old South Church, originally built in 1756 has been altered on several occasions. Today the character and detail of the church dates primarily from the nineteenth century. As originally built, the frame work of the structure was of white oak. Wrought iron rails used in the building were imported from England. The main hall was larger at one time and the main entrance was on School Street, from which a broad aisle ran to the pulpit, then on the east side. Two other narrow aisles ran from East to West and five ran the opposite direction separating the 140 square pews. In 1770 Rev. George Whitefield was buried in the church. Extensive interior alterations were made to the church in 1829. (cont.) HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE (explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the building relates to the development of the community)

The land on which the Old South Church stands was originally sold by Deacon Parker Noyes to Joshua Beck. Beck then conveyed the land to "a committee of the proprietors of the meetinghouse that is to be built". This occurred in 1756 and the church was first opened to the congregation on a regular basis in August of that year. The church was incorporated in 1815.

Jonathan Parsons was the first minister of the church and he presided over the congregation until his death in 1776. In 1770 the famous evangelist Rev. George Whitefield died in the house of Rev. Parsons and was buried in crypt under the church pulpit. Whitefield had preached in the church and is considered by some the founder of the church.

One of the later pastors of the church was Rev. Daniel Dana. He was installed as pastor in 1794. His views were the cause of some parishioners breaking away to form the Second Presbyterian Society. Dr. Dana later served as president of Dartmouth College and the parish founded one of the earliest Sunday Schools during his pastorate. Some of the first missionaries sent out by the American Board of Missions were ordained here. Oddly enough Dr. Dana later served as pastor of the church he had caused to form, the Second Presbyterian or Harris Street Meeting House. Dana published many sermons and discourses.

## BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

H. Hovey, Origin and Annals of "The Old South" First Presbyterian Church and Parish in Newburyport, Mass. 1746-1896, Boston, 1896.

1851 Plan of Newburyport, Mass. H. McIntire

1872 Map of the City of Newburyport, Mass. D. G. Beers and Co. Assessor's Records 1890-1980

## INVENTORY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, Boston

		11M12/100
Community:		Form No:
Newburyport		106
Property Name:	Old South Church	
	29 Feder	al St.

N1110 10/0

Indicate each item on inventory form which is being continued below.

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE (CONT.)

At that time the old galleries and pews were replaced. A new pulpit with brick crypt enclosing the remains of George Whitefield was also built on the South side of the church. A cenotaph was erected in the Eastern gallery at the time in memory of Rev. George Whitefield. It was designed by William Strickland and cut in marble by Strothers of Philadelphia. The spire of the Church was replaced in 1848, according to the designs of local architect, Rufus Sargent.

In 1856 the meeting house was altered extensively. The character of the building's exterior results from this remodeling at which time the pedimented facade of Greek Revival elements was constructed. The Italianate window lintels also date from this period. Interior alterations made at this time included a new pulpit, and the refrescoeing of the walls and ceiling.

In 1810 a chapel was erected adjacent to the church. This building was later moved to Charles Street. In 1843 a new chapel was erected and connected to the church. A classroom was added in 1885.