FORM B - BUILDING

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION

Street Roston, MA 02108

Area	Form no.
I	289

And	
	Newburyport
	ess ll Union Place
	oric Name Nathan Merrill House
	Original Residence
	Present_ Residence
	ership: Private individual Private organization
	Public
	Original owner Unknown
Draw map showing property 5	SCRIPTION:
location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings	Date Mid-Eighteenth Century
or geographical features. Indicate north.	Source Building Fabric
Indicate instant	Style Georgian
289	Architect Unknown
	Exterior wall fabric Clapboard
	Outbuildings
5 213 212	Major alterations (with dates) porch
MERRIMAC STREET	added (date unknown)
	e en amurant de la companya de la co
367 266 365 264	MovedDate
	Approx. acreage 14,280 sq. ft.
Recorded by Mary Jane Stirgwolt	Setting in residential area of
Organization Office of Community	eighteenth and nineteenth century
Development Date 12-30-80	dwellings on the banks of the
	Merrimack Piver

(Staple additional sheets here)

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE (describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within community)

This house is quite unusual in form. It is Georgian in style and may be a very early house with later alterations and additions. The house is presently two stories in height with a symmetrical five bay facade. The gambrel roof has a very unusual pitch and a massive central chimney. This may indicate that there is an earlier structure underneath. The front entrance is Georgian in style. It is in a projecting central bay that resembles a classical temple in miniature. The door is flanked by pilasters that support a pediment above.

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE (explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the building relates to the development of the community)

In 1798 Jonathan and Nathan Merrill purchased this land. They divided the parcel in 1805 and Nathan kept the existing house probably built during the mid-eighteenth century. Jonathan, Nathan, and Orlando Merrill built the U. S. Brig "Pickering" in 1798 in the Merrill Yard at Moggridge's Point.

The house remained in the Merrill family. The Merrils were a prominent shipbuilding family. Between 1851 and 1872 the property was owned by James Merrill shipbuilder. James Merrill, nephew of Orlando, inventor of the water line model, was building ships in the Merril yard between 1856 and 1866. He built four barks and one ship in the next nine years. The "Champion", one of his barks made some of the fastest barks on record.

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

R. Cheney, <u>History of Merrimac River Shipbuilding</u>, Newburyport, 1964. Assessor's Records 1890-1980

1851 Plan of Newburyport, Mass. H. McIntire

1872 Map of the City of Newburyport, Mass. D. G. Beers and Co.

1851, 1871 City Directories

Deed Research compiled by Mrs. Nancy Flynn and Mrs. Kathy Horden.