

# City of Newburyport, Massachusetts Popular Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016

# About the City

# About the "PAFR"

As part of Newburyport's commitment to keeping residents informed about how tax dollars are being spent, the City is publishing a Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR).

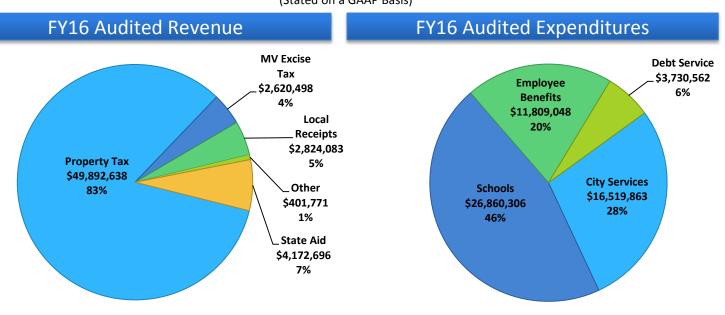
This PAFR presents a summary of financial information from the following sources: the audited financial statements, City Budget, Newburyport Pension Actuarial Valuation, Newburyport OPEB Actuarial Valuation, Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission and State's Division of Local Services.

It is the hope that the information presented in this PAFR will allow the reader to gain a better understanding of the financial health of the City. The City of Newburyport, incorporated in 1764, is a coastal, scenic, and historic city located 37 miles north of Boston with a population of approximately 18,000.

Newburyport is very proud of its history and is felt with some justification by its residents to be among the most beautiful; retaining as it does a large number of spacious, gracious Federalist homes built with the whaling and clipper ship fortunes of this 19th century seaport. An official Coast Guard City, Newburyport is also a designated Cultural District, as well as, a Green Community.

The City is governed by an elected Mayor and an eleven-member City Council. Responsibility for the general management and finances of the City are vested in the Mayor who is the chief executive officer of the City and heads all of its departments. A seven-member School Committee, of which the Mayor is Chair, and a Superintendent oversee the City's school district.

# FY16 General Fund Revenues & Expenditures



**<u>Revenues</u>**: Property taxes are the single largest revenue source for Newburyport, with 87% of this revenue coming from residential properties and 13% coming from businesses. Motor Vehicle Excise Tax and Local Receipts comprise 9% of annual revenue, followed by State Aid (net of assessments) and Other Receipts. **Expenditures**: A large component (46%) of General Fund expenditures goes towards the Schools (Newburyport Public Schools [NPS], Whittier Regional Technical H.S. and Essex Tech). Services provided by the City make up 28% of expenditures; Employee Benefits (City and NPS) 20%; and Debt Service (City and NPS) 6%.

(Stated on a GAAP Basis)

### General Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet

	<u>FY15</u>	<u>FY16</u>	<u>Amount</u> Change	<u>Percent</u> Change		
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and Short-Term Investments	\$11,602,462	\$12,337,452	\$734,990	6.3%		
Investments	\$0	\$146,056	\$146,056	0.0%		
Receivables	\$2,644,049	\$2,424,949	(\$219,100)	/8.3%		
Total Assets	\$14,246,511	\$14,908,457 🖉	\$661,946	4.6%		
Liabilities			/	///		
Warrants Payable	\$2,134,516	\$2,447,735	\$313,219	14,7%		
Accrued Liabilities	\$1,233,601	\$1,466,304	\$232,703 /	18.9%		
Tax Refunds Payable	\$243,411	\$160,286	(\$83,125)	/-34.2%		
Other	\$502,707	\$531,158 , 🦯	\$28,451	5.7%		
Total Liabilities	\$4,114,235	\$4,605,483	\$491,248	11.9%		
Deferred Inflows		/	/ /			
Unavailable revenues	\$2,001,004	\$2,109,107 K	\$108,1ø3	5.4%		
Fund Balances						
Committed	\$237,143	\$718,442	\$481,299	203.0%		
Assigned	\$962,578	\$835,152	(\$127,426)	-13.2%		
Unassigned	\$6,931,551	\$6,640,273 /	(\$291,278)	-4.2%		
Total Fund Balances	\$8,131,272	\$8,193,867	\$62,595	0.8%		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
and Fund Balances	\$14,246,511	\$14,908,457	\$661,946	4.6%		
Statement of Povonuos	Evenediture	- and Changes is	- Evend Palanc	-		
Statement of Revenues	, Expenditures	and changes in	Amount	Percent		

	FY15	FY16	Amount	Percent
	<u>F115</u>	<u>F110</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>Change</u>
Revenues			$\backslash$	
Property Tax	\$47,914,116	\$49,892,638	\$1,978,522	4.1%
MV Excise Tax	\$2,528,836	\$2,620,498	\$91,662	3.6%
Local Receipts	\$2,638,062	\$2,824,083	\$186,021 🔪	7.1%
State Aid	\$4,068,326	\$4,172,696	\$104,370	2.6%
Other	\$151,831	\$401,771	\$249,940	164.6%
Total Revenue	\$57,301,171	\$59,911,686	\$2,610,515	4.6%
<u>Expenditures</u>				
City Services	\$17,041,018	\$16,519,863	(\$521,155)	-3.1%
Schools	\$24,818,871	\$26,860,306	\$2,041,435	8.2%
Employee Benefits	\$10,763,374	\$11,809,048	\$1,045,674	9,7%
Debt Service	\$3,240,210	\$3,730,562	\$490,352	15.1%
Total Expenditures	\$55,863,473	\$58,919,779	\$3,056,306	5.5%
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				Ň
expenditures	\$1,437,698	\$991,907	(\$445,791)	-31.0%
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refunding of Bonds	\$0	\$15,506	\$15,506	0,0%
Transfers In	\$374,069	\$702,797	\$328,728	87.9%
Transfers Out	(\$1,107,544)	(\$1,647,615)	(\$540,071)	48.8%
Total Other Financing	(\$733,475)	(\$929,312)	(\$195,837)	26.7%
Changes in Fund Balance	\$704,223	\$62,595	(\$641,628)	-91.1%
Fund Balance				
Beginning of Year	\$7,427,049	\$8,131,272 🏒	\$704,223	9.5%
End of Year	\$8,131,272	\$8,193,867	\$62,595	0.8%

#### **Balance Sheet Highlights**

-	Assets (resources owned) =
/	Liabilities (amounts owed) +
/	Deferred Inflows (resources to be
	recognized in the future) +
/	Fund Balance (reserves).
	Fund balance has specific re-
	strictions: Committed (Mayor/
	City Council appropriations for a
	specific purpose), Assigned (pur-
	chase orders), and Unassigned
	(available).
	FY16 committed funds increased
	due to the establishment of two

school technology stabilization accounts (\$500,000).

• FY17 unassigned funds decreased due to use of free cash.

	Statement of Revenues, Expendi-			
<u>t</u>	tures and Changes in Fund Balance			
	<u>Highlights</u>			
•	Total revenues increased by \$2.6			
	million, or 4.6%, from FY15 to			
	FY16.			
•	Local receipts increased by 7.1%			
	mostly due to higher building			
	permit receipts.			
•	Actual expenditures for City Ser-			
	vices were lower in FY16 partly			
	due to decreased snow and ice			
	expenses.			
•	Expenditures for employee bene-			
	fits increased due to more em-			
	ployees and higher insurance			
	costs.			
•	Debt service increased from the			
	final issuance of bonds for the			
	Bresnahan and Nock/Molin			
$\setminus$	School projects.			
•	Fund balance remains strong at			
ſ	13.3% of total expenditures and			
	unassigned fund balance at 10.8%			
	of total expenditures.			

This information is a condensed version of the City's audited financial statements for June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016, which are accessible in <u>full</u> via the City website.

# **Major Liabilities**

Liabilities are commitments that the City has made and calculated estimates of what will eventually be owed. There are three categories of major liabilities: Debt, Pension, and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). These liabilities are important to monitor since they can place a burden on future taxpayers and impact the long-term credit worthiness of the City. Accounting standards require municipalities to fully account for bonds payable, pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities.

### Debt

\$10.0M

\$9.0M

\$8.0M

\$7.0M

\$6.0M

\$5.0M

\$4.0M

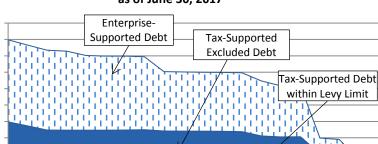
\$3.0M

\$2.0M

\$1.0M

#### **Debt Overview**

- The City borrows money to pay for various capital projects, such as water/sewer infrastructure, construction of new schools, renovation of facilities, and purchase of heavy equipment.
- It is the City's policy to only borrow for projects greater than \$500,000.
- A critical measure for credit rating agencies is the ratio of debt service payments to total expenditures. The City endeavors to maintain a maximum ratio of General Fund debt service to General Fund expenditures of 15%. The current percentage is 6.6%, well within the policy target.



2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2027 2028 2028 2029 2030 2032 2033

2034

2031

#### Annual Debt Service for Long-Term Obligations as of June 30, 2017



2018 2019

2020

2021

#### Pension Overview

- The Newburyport Contributory Retirement System manages the pensions for the City, Schools (non-teachers) and the Newburyport Housing Authority.
- The plan is 61.3% funded as of January 1, 2016 based on a Total Actuarial Liability of \$112 million and Assets of \$69 million. The liability is largely driven by employees that started pre-1996 at lower contribution rates.
- The current funding schedule increases by 5% each year and is projected to be fully funded in FY35. In FY17, the cost to the taxpayers and ratepayers of the City was \$4 million.

Marblehead 65.8% Newburyport 61.3% Amesbury 56.6% Ipswich 51.9% Essex Regional North Andover 51.9% 47.9% Andover Gloucester 45.3%

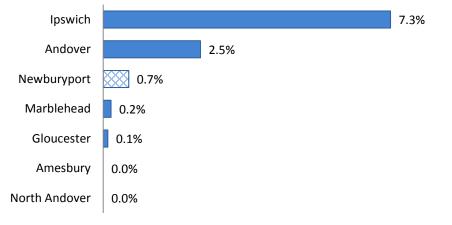
**Pension Liability Funded Ratios** 

### OPEB

#### **OPEB Overview**

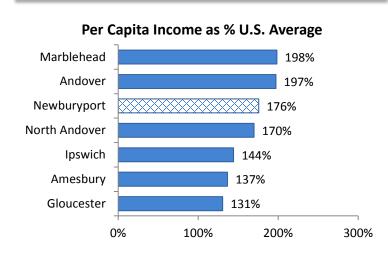
- Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) represent the City' s liability for the cost of health care benefits provided to present and future retirees.
- New accounting rules (GASB 75) for FY18 will require the full liability to be recognized on the balance sheet, whereas the former rule (GASB 45) recognized the liability in the footnotes to the financial statements.
- The plan is 0.65% funded with an Actuarial Accrued Liability of \$74.3 million and an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability of \$73.8 million.
- The City established a trust in FY14 with a net asset value of \$571,053 as of June 30, 2017.





# **Economy and Taxes**

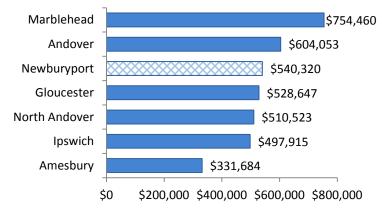
Property taxes and local revenue are critical to the operation and fiscal health of municipalities. The charts below show how Newburyport compares with neighboring communities in terms of per capita income, home values, tax rates and tax bills. The last two charts drill down on City's economic-oriented revenue and the composition of the tax base.



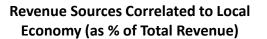
Income

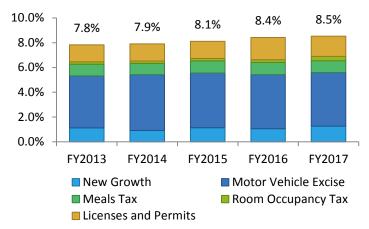
### **Home Values**

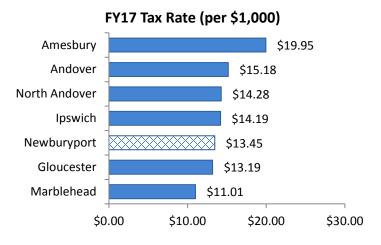
FY17 Average Single Family Home Value



### Local Economy

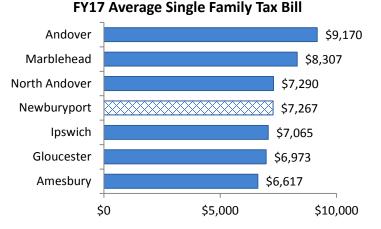






Tax Rate

## Tax Bills



Tax Base

